

## Multilingual vs Crosslingual Retrieval of Fact-Checked Claims

## A Tale of Two Approaches

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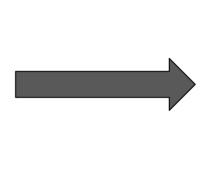
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Given a post and a set of previously fact-checked claims, rank the claims so that the most relevant ones are ranked as high as possible



**POST** (social media)





**CLAIMS** 



Our subset of the MULTICLAIM V2 dataset

- 63k+ multilingual, 9k+ crosslingual post-fact-checked claim pairs
- 47 languages, for a total of 263 language combinations
- Posts: Facebook (45.1k), Twitter/X (7.3k), Instagram (2.6k), Telegram (0.4k)



## Unsupervised setting

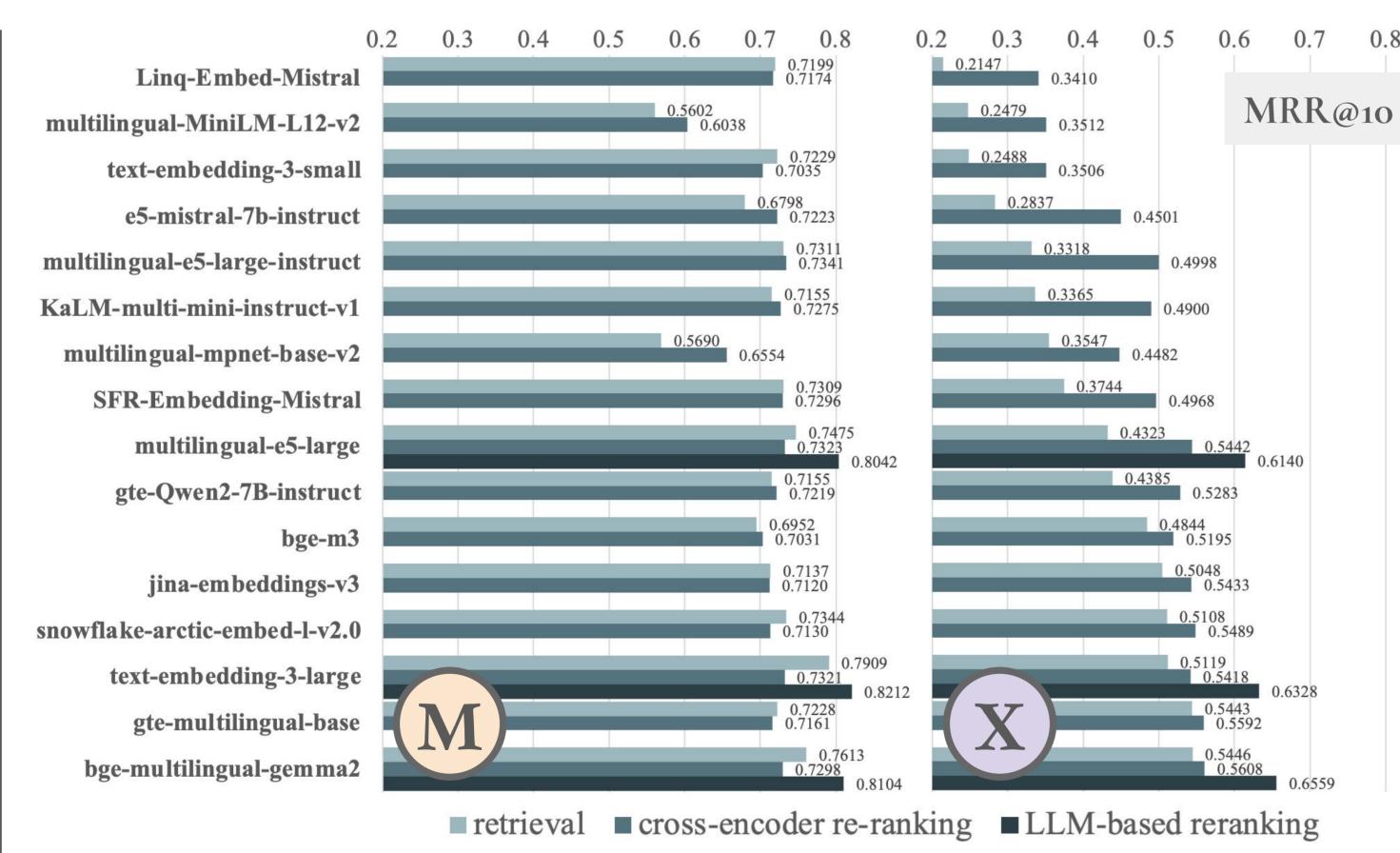
- Dense retrieval and re-ranking
- O Multilingual TEMs: 16 models selected among the top-performing ones in the MTEB benchmark
- Cross-encoder re-ranker: bge-reranker-v2-m3
- *LLM-based re-ranker*: RankGPT
- $\circ$  Claims to re-rank: top-n = 30 claims
- Evaluation on *full* set and *test* set

## Supervised setting

- Fine-tuning using sampled negative pairs
- o Multilingual TEMs: multilingual-e5-large and multilingual-mpnet-base-v2
- O Sampling strategies: random, similarity, and topic
- O Number of negatives: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, <u>10</u>
- Loss: multiple negatives ranking
- Evaluation on test set



All methods are evaluated using MRR@10 and S@10 metrics in multilingual (M) and crosslingual (X) settings



- 0.4323 0.7475 MRR@10 0.7623 0.4416 0.4893 multilingual-e5-large-instruct 0.7768 0.4947 0.5442 0.7323 0.6140 0.5690 0.3547 0.5202 0.3177 0.3367 0.5412 multilingual-MiniLM-L12-v2 0.5537 0.3500 0.6485 ■ cross-encoder re-ranking
  ■ LLM-based reranking ■ topic ■ similarity random  $\circ$  0.48 k (# negative examples)
- Models perform differently in (M) and (X) settings
- Re-ranking generally effective, major impact in X • LLM-based better than cross-encoder, but 1 cost
- Model <u>size</u> (#params) and embedding <u>dimension</u> do not correlate with performance
- Similarity strategy better than topic & random in both mand x settings (>5 negatives)

random — similarity → topic

• With multilingual-e5-large, <u>similarity</u> better than retrieval (M, X) and cross-encoder in (M), but worse than LLM-based and (1) cost

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